

Summary:

- Brief recap of the 1990's civil war in the Balkans and its aftermath
- English language as a common denominator
- IATEFL Slovenia's role in the ABELTA project
- Conclusion
- Q&A



Factors contributing to the split:

- Death of Josip Broz Tito
- Requests for more freedom of speech, more democracy
 - "Venetic theory" (1985)
- Renaissance of nationalism in some republics
- Debt
- USA's NSDD 54 "silent" revolutions

Independence

- Slovenia (1991)
- Croatia (1991)
- Bosnia and Herzegovina (1992)
- Macedonia (1991)
- Montenegro (2006)
- Kosovo (2008)
- Serbia



Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina



Mostar, Bosnia and Herzegovina



On a personal level...

Damages

- Between 130 000 and 140 000 people killed
- Over 2.4 million refugees and over 2 million internally displaced people
- Material damage: infrastructure, economy, hyperinflation
- Environmental: landmines, 80 000 tons of burning fuel released into the environment (Pančevo refinery), approx. 31 000 rounds of depleted Uranium ammunition used (NATO 1999 bombings)



13 000 people still missing



Language(s)

- Slovenian
- Macedonian
- Kosovo Albanian
- Serbo Croatian = Serbian language, Croatian language
- Bosnian language
- Montenegrin language

English language as a mediator



English language TAs in the Balkan region:









What ABELTA community does:

- Share ideas, experience, challenges
- Exchange newsletters
- Attend conferences in the region
- Support, motivate each other and focus on the future

Conclusion

A bit about...





d'akujem Tak Dankie kiitos Спасибо תודה धन्यवाद terima kasih Asante Gracias شكرا multumesc hvala salamat 謝謝 Thank you Danke Hvala ありがとう Obrigado Merci Grazie 谢谢 dank u ευχαριστώ Благодаря Děkuji ačiū Tack хвала Sağol تشکر از شما Дзякуй 감사합니다 dziękuję Спасибі paldies teşekkür ederim তোমাকে ধন্যবাদ

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